

LED Driver

BCR 420U E6327 / BCR 421U E6327

Datasheet

Revision 2.1, 2015-01-28

Power Management & Multimarket

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**Revision History**

Page or Item	Subjects (major changes since previous revision)
<b>Revision 2.1, 2015-01-28</b>	
All	Using full sales names BCR 420U E6327 / BCR 421U E6327 instead of short form BCR420U / BCR421U
<b>Page 7</b>	Halogen free logo removed

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## 1 LED Driver

### 1.1 Features

- LED drive current preset to 10 mA
- Continuous output current up to 150 mA with an external resistor
- Easy paralleling of drivers to increase current
- Supply voltage up to 40 V
- Low side current control
- Digital PWM input up to 10 kHz frequency (BCR 421U E6327)
- Up to 1 W power dissipation in a small SC74 package
- Negative thermal coefficient of -0.2 %/K reduces output current at higher temperatures
- RoHS compliant (Pb-free) package
- Automotive qualified according AEC Q101



SC74-3D



### 1.2 Applications

- Architectural LED lighting
- Channel letters for advertising, LED strips for decorative lighting
- Retail lighting in fridge, freezer case and vending machines
- Emergency lighting (e.g. steps lighting, exit way signs etc.)

### 1.3 General Description

The BCR 420U E6327 / BCR 421U E6327 provides a low-cost solution for driving 0.25 W LEDs with a typical LED current of 75 mA to 150 mA. Internal breakdown voltage is higher than 40 V which is the maximum voltage the LED driver can sustain when the output is directly connected to supply voltage.

The BCR 420U E6327 / BCR 421U E6327 can be operated with a supply voltage of more than 40 V considering the voltage drop of the LED load which reduces the output voltage to the maximum rating of the driver.

The enable pin of BCR 420U E6327 can withstand a maximum voltage of 40 V which can be increased adding a series resistor in front of the enable pin reducing the voltage at the enable pin below 40 V.

The digital input pin of BCR 421U E6327 allows dimming via a micro controller with frequencies up to 10 kHz.

A reduction of the output current at higher temperatures is the result of the negative temperature coefficient of -0.2 %/K of the LED driver.

With no need for additional external components like inductors, capacitors and free wheeling diodes, the BCR 420U E6327 / BCR 421U E6327 LED drivers are a cost-efficient and PCB-area saving solution for driving 0.25 W LEDs.

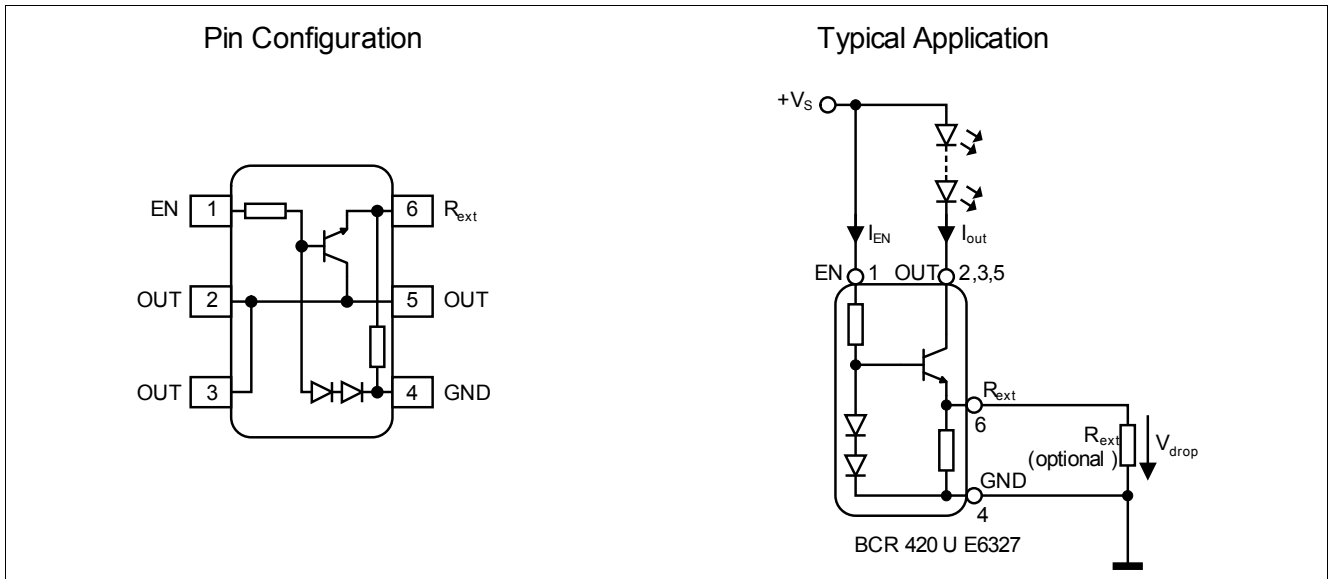


Figure 1-1 Pin configuration and typical application

Sales Name	Marking	Pin Configuration				Package
		1 = EN	2; 3; 5 = OUT	4 = GND	6 = R <sub>ext</sub>	
BCR 420U E6327	40	1 = EN	2; 3; 5 = OUT	4 = GND	6 = R <sub>ext</sub>	SC74
BCR 421U E6327	41	1 = EN	2; 3; 5 = OUT	4 = GND	6 = R <sub>ext</sub>	SC74



## 2 Electrical Characteristics

**Table 2-1 Maximum Ratings at  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Enable voltage BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327	$V_{EN}$	-	-	40 4.5	V	
Output current	$I_{out}$	-	-	200	mA	
Output voltage	$V_{out}$	-	-	40	V	
Reverse voltage between all terminals	$V_R$	-	-	0.5	V	
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	-	-	1000	mW	$T_S \leq 100\text{ °C}$
Junction temperature	$T_J$	-	-	150	°C	
Storage temperature range	$T_{STG}$	-65	-	150	°C	

**Attention: Stresses above the max. values listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding only one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.**

**Table 2-2 Thermal Resistance at  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Junction - soldering point <sup>1)</sup>	$R_{thJS}$	-	-	50	K/W	

1) For calculation of  $R_{thJA}$  please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)

**Table 2-3 Electrical Characteristics at  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{BR(CEO)}$	40	-	-	V	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}, I_B = 0$
Enable current BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327	$I_{EN}$	-	1.2 1.2	-	mA	$V_{EN} = 24\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 3.3\text{ V}$
DC current gain	$h_{FE}$	200	350	500	-	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$
Internal resistor	$R_{int}$	85	95	105	$\Omega$	$I_{Rint} = 10\text{ mA}$
Bias resistor BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327	$R_B$	-	20 1.5	-	k $\Omega$	

## Electrical Characteristics

**Table 2-3 Electrical Characteristics at  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified (cont'd)**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Output current BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327	$I_{out}$	9	10	11	mA	$V_{out} = 1.4\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 24\text{ V}$
Output current at $R_{ext} = 5.1\ \Omega$ BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327		9	10	11		
Voltage drop ( $V_{Rext}$ )	$V_{drop}$	0.85	0.95	1.05	V	$I_{out} = 10\text{ mA}$

**Table 2-4 DC Characteristics with stabilized LED load at  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead	$V_{Smin}$	-	1.4	-	V	$I_{out} > 18\text{ mA}$
Output current change versus $T_A$ BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327	$\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$	-	-0.2	-	%K	$V_{out} > 2.0\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 24\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 3.3\text{ V}$
Output current change versus $V_S$ BCR 420U E6327 BCR 421U E6327		-	1	-		

### 3 Typical characteristics

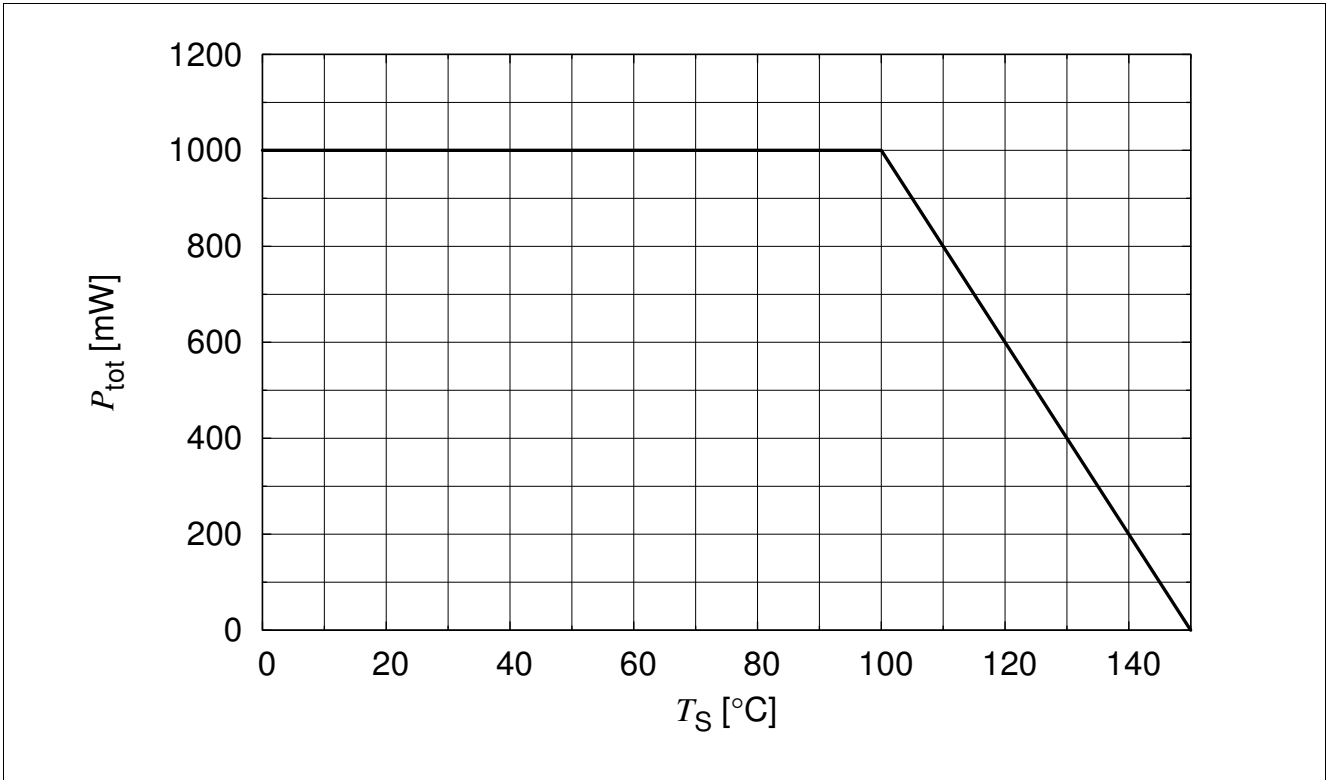


Figure 3-1 Total Power Dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

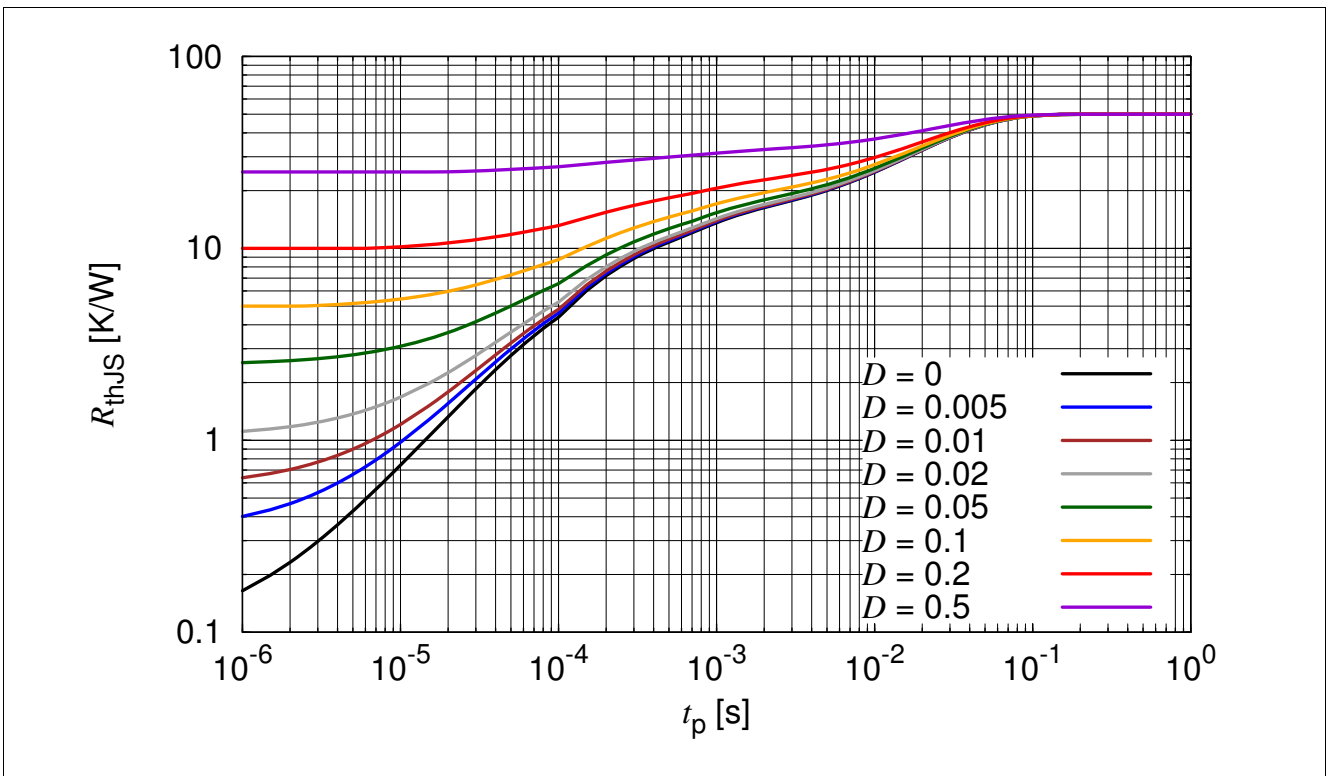


Figure 3-2 Permissible Pulse Load  $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$



Figure 3-3 Permissible Pulse Load  $P_{totmax} / P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$

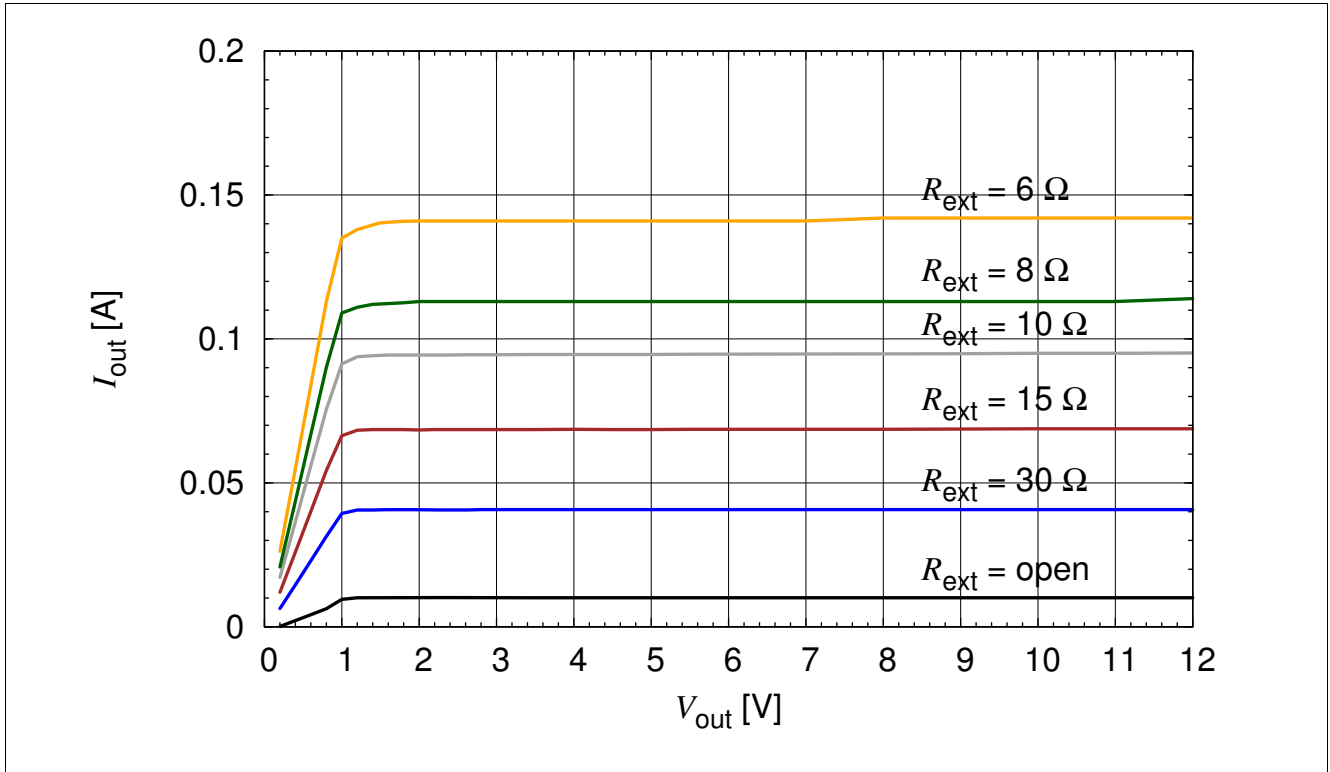


Figure 3-4 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 40$  V,  $R_{ext} =$  Parameter

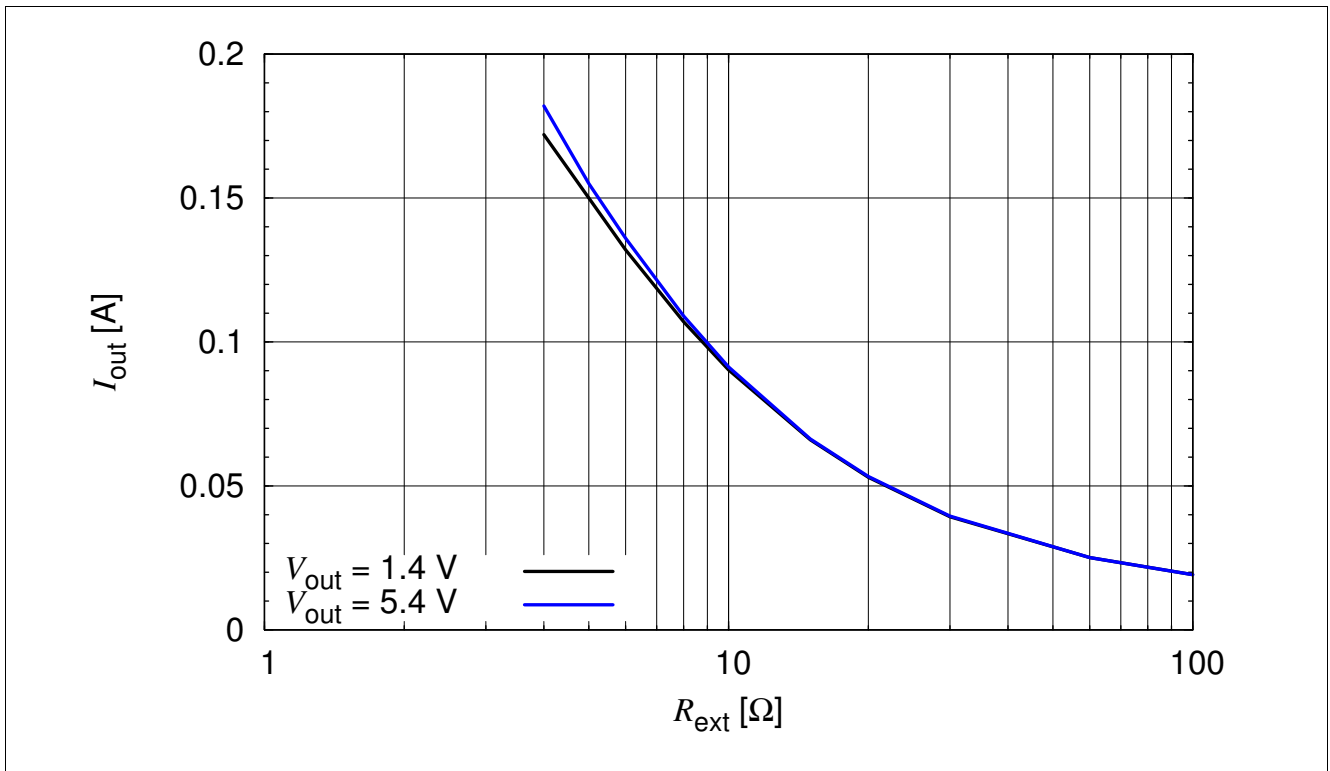


Figure 3-5 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $R_{ext}$   $I_{out} = f(R_{ext})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 40$  V,  $V_{out} =$  Parameter

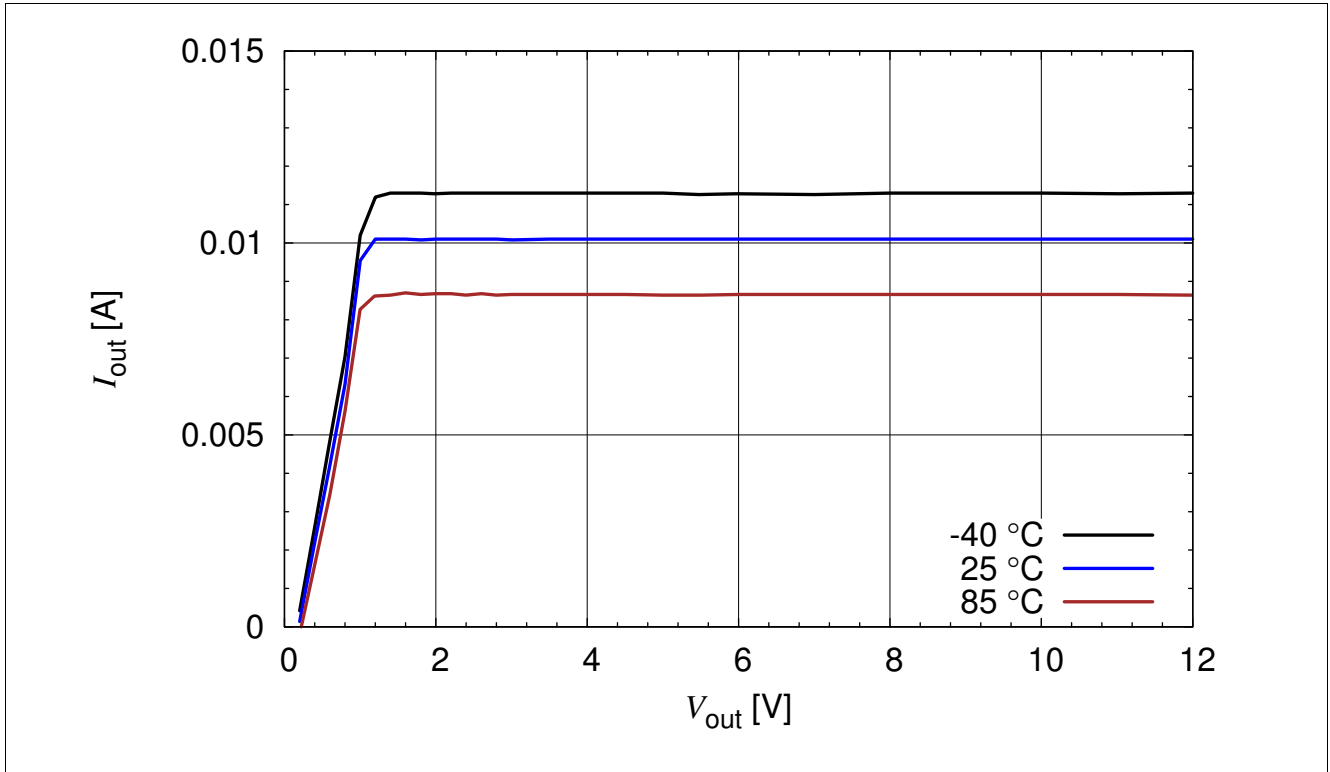


Figure 3-6 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 40$  V,  $R_{ext} = open$ ,  $T_A = Parameter$

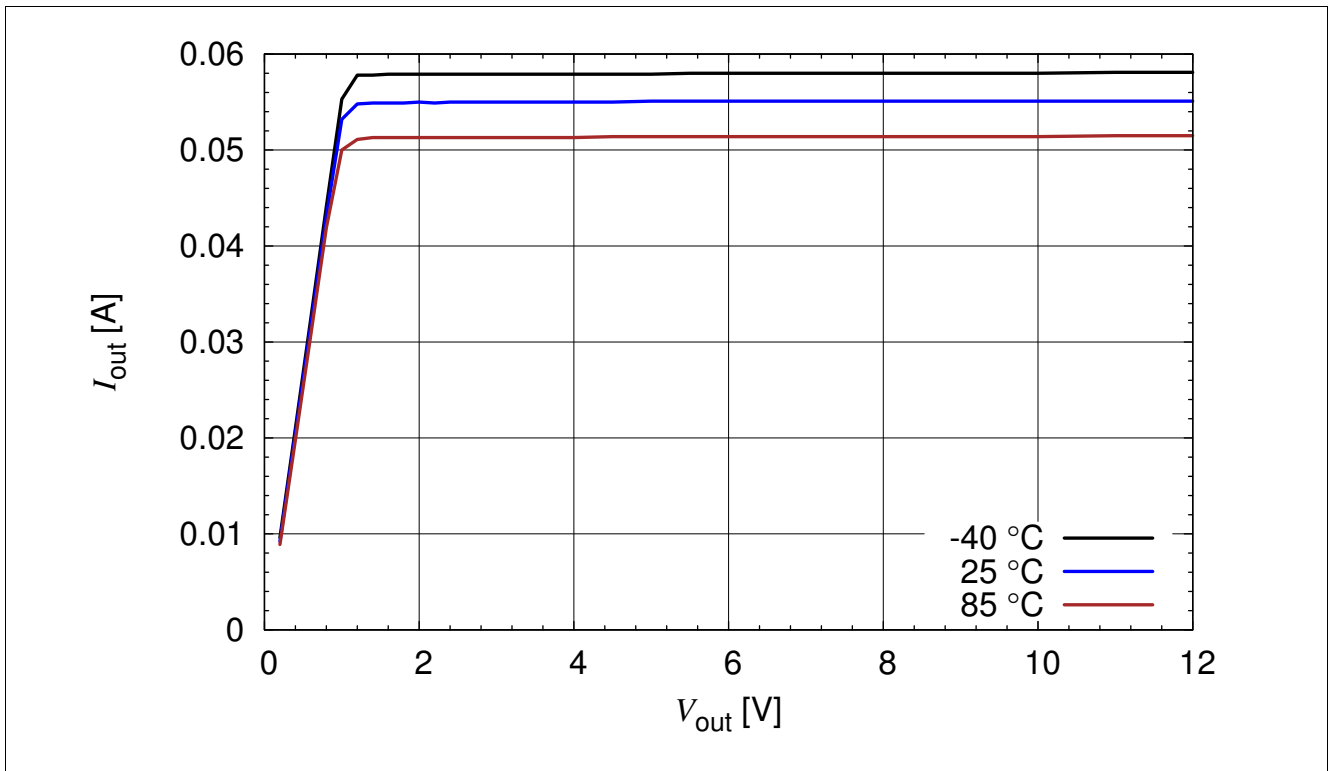


Figure 3-7 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 40$  V,  $R_{ext} = 20 \Omega$ ,  $T_A = Parameter$

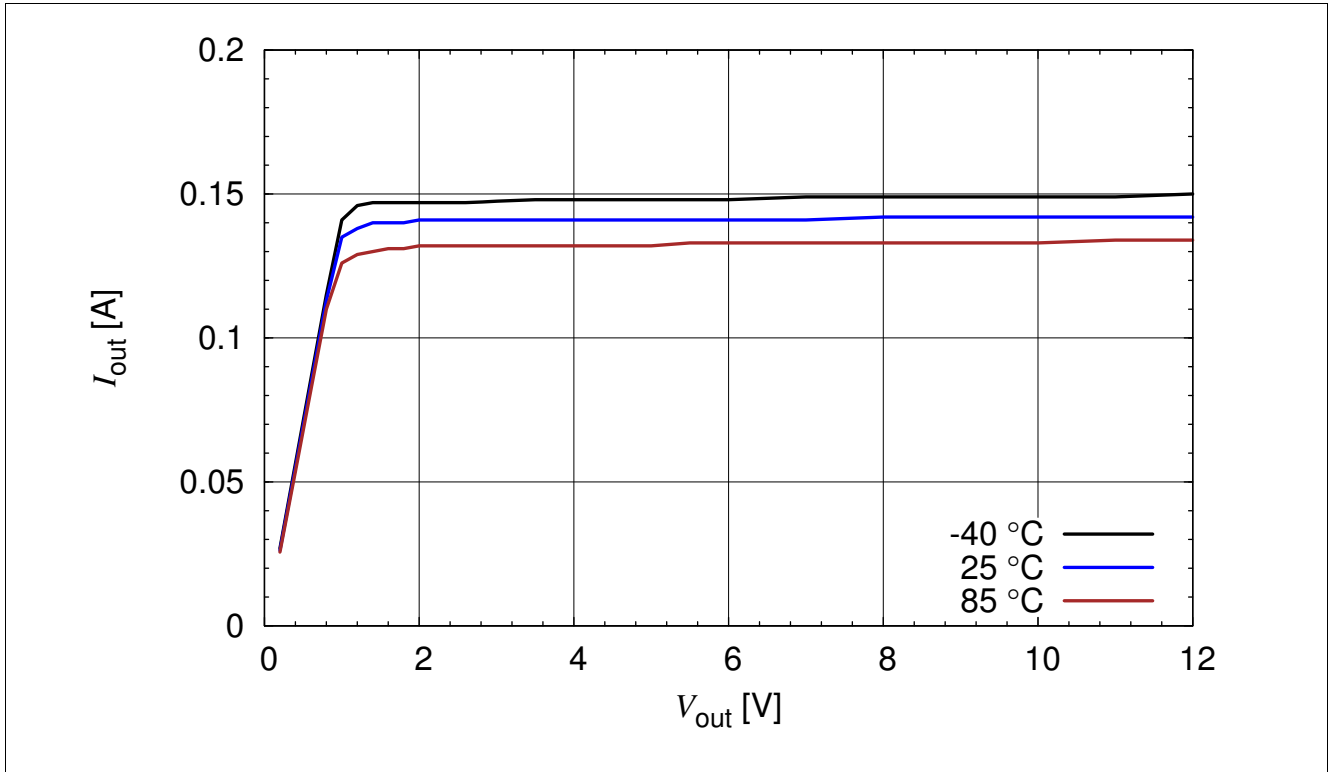


Figure 3-8 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 40$  V,  $R_{ext} = 6 \Omega$ ,  $T_A =$  Parameter

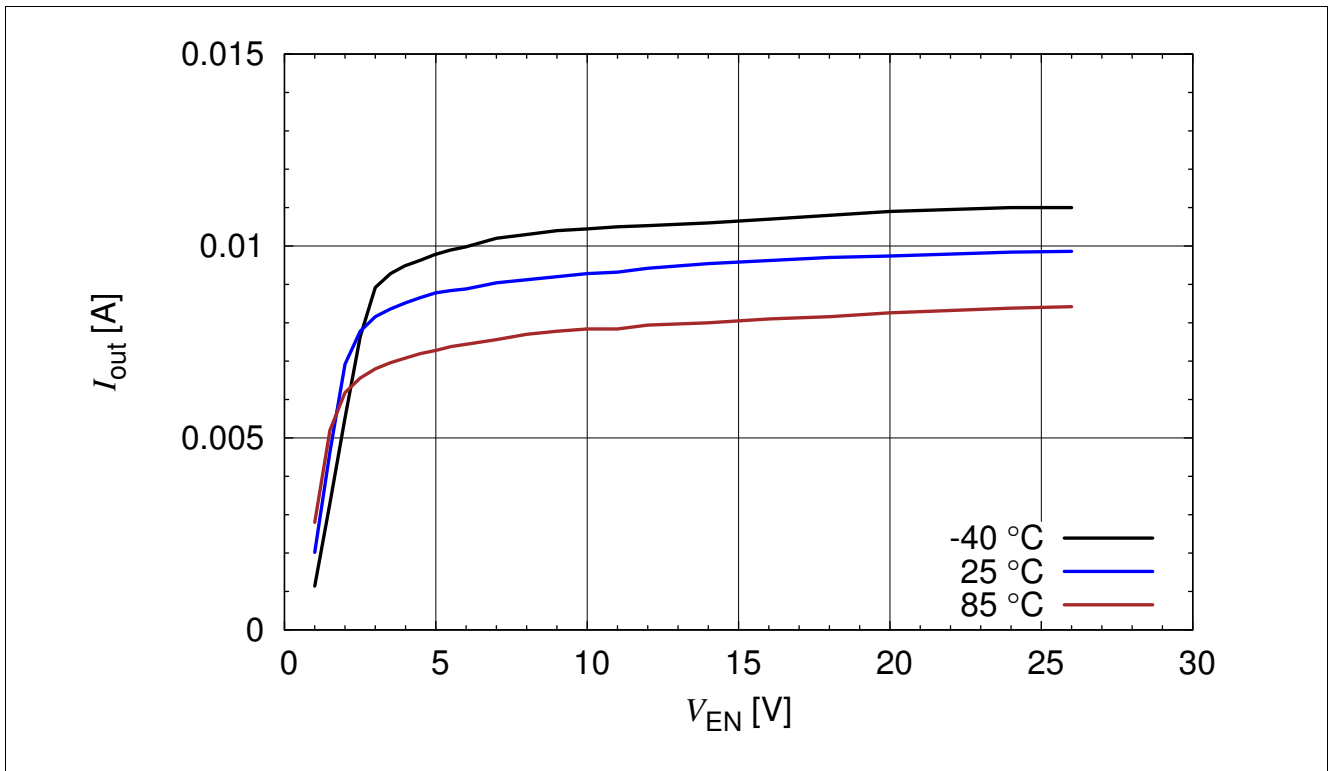


Figure 3-9 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2$  V,  $R_{ext} =$  open,  $T_A =$  Parameter

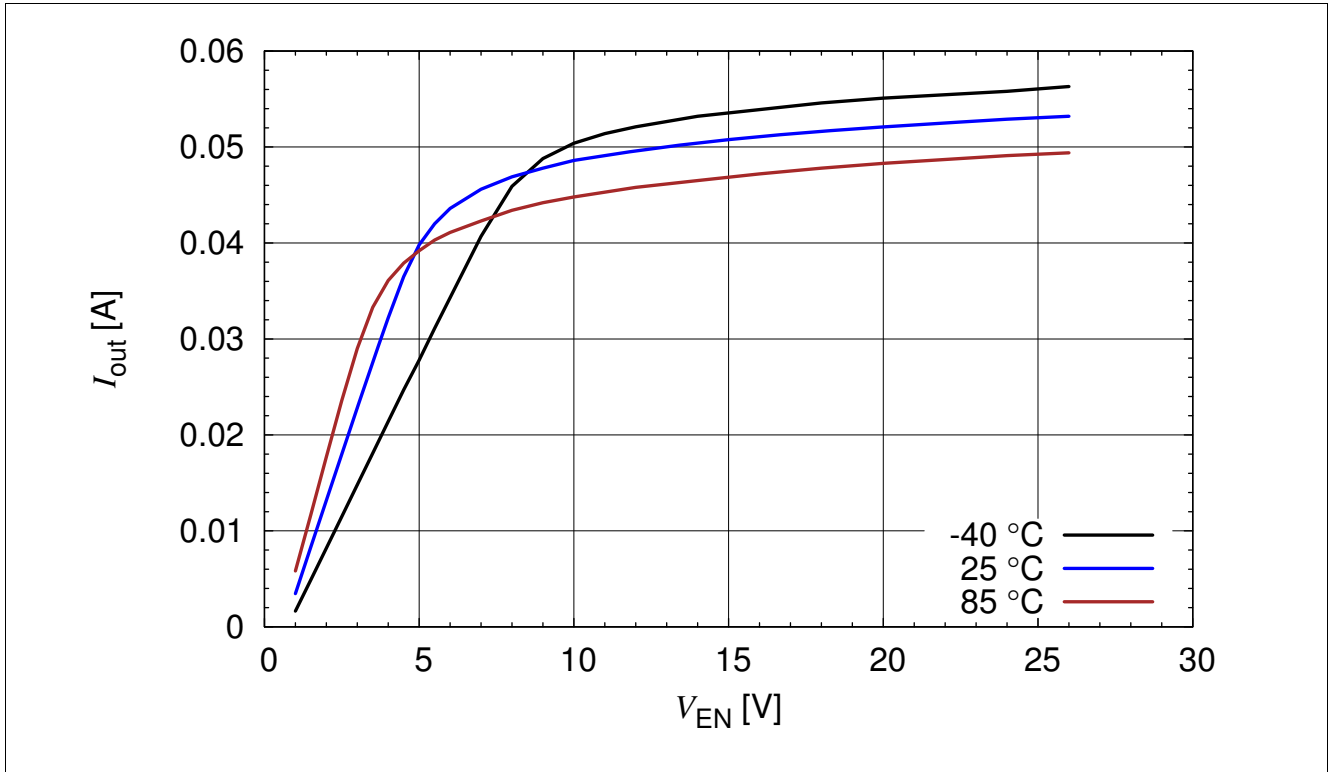


Figure 3-10 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = 20\ \Omega$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

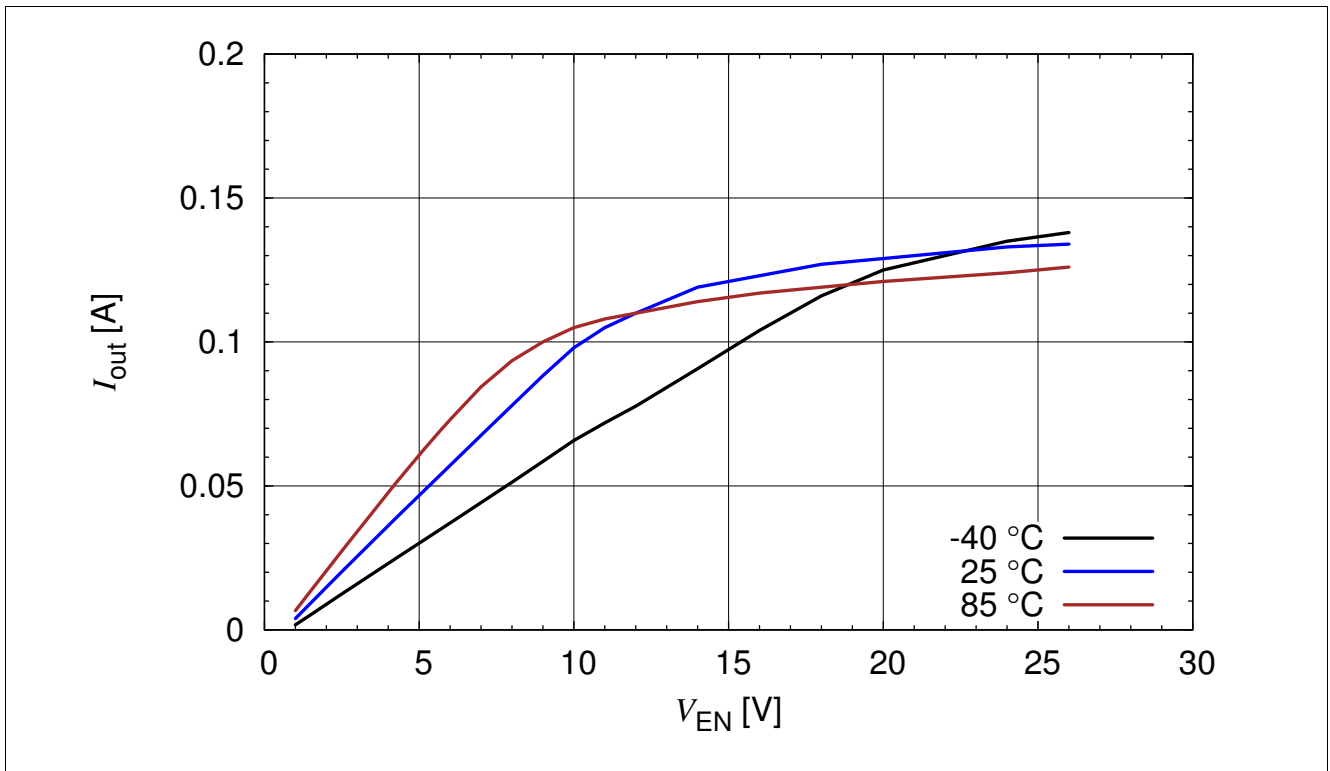


Figure 3-11 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = 6\ \Omega$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$



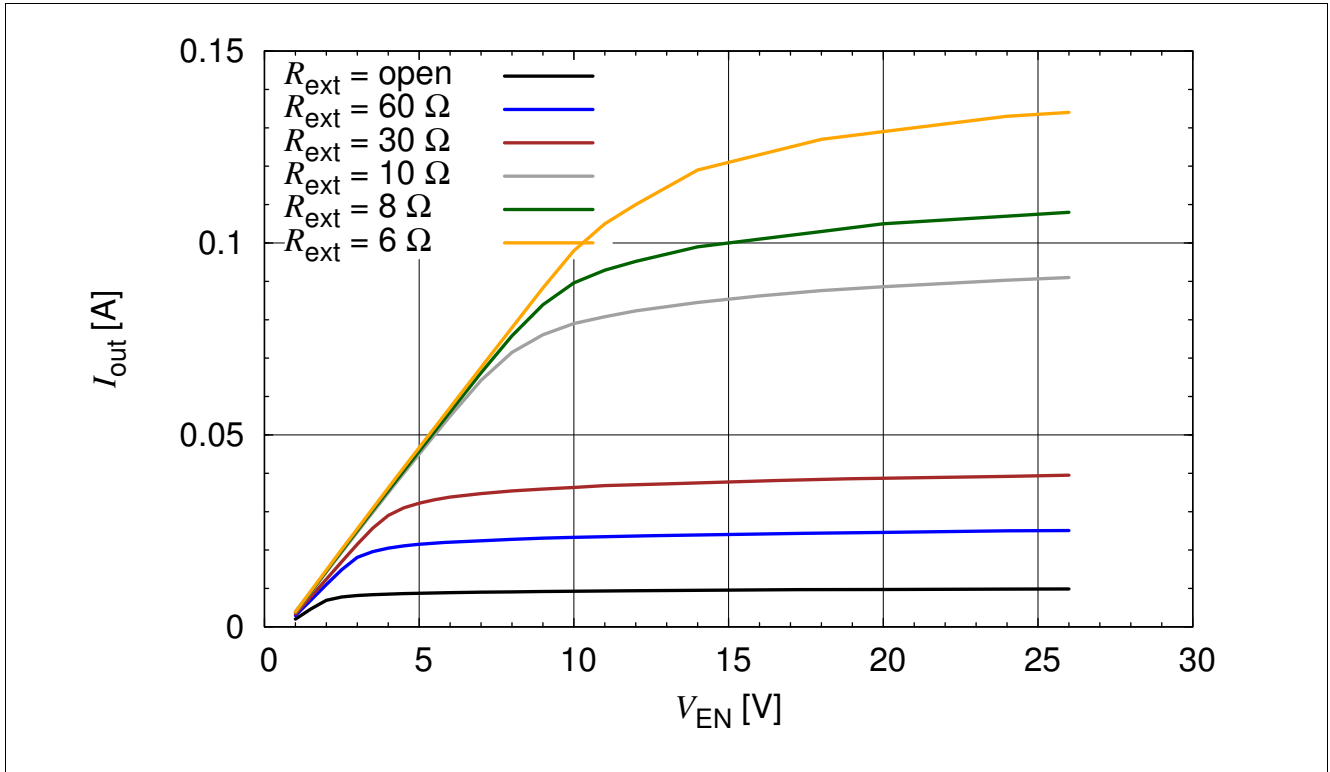


Figure 3-12 BCR 420U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

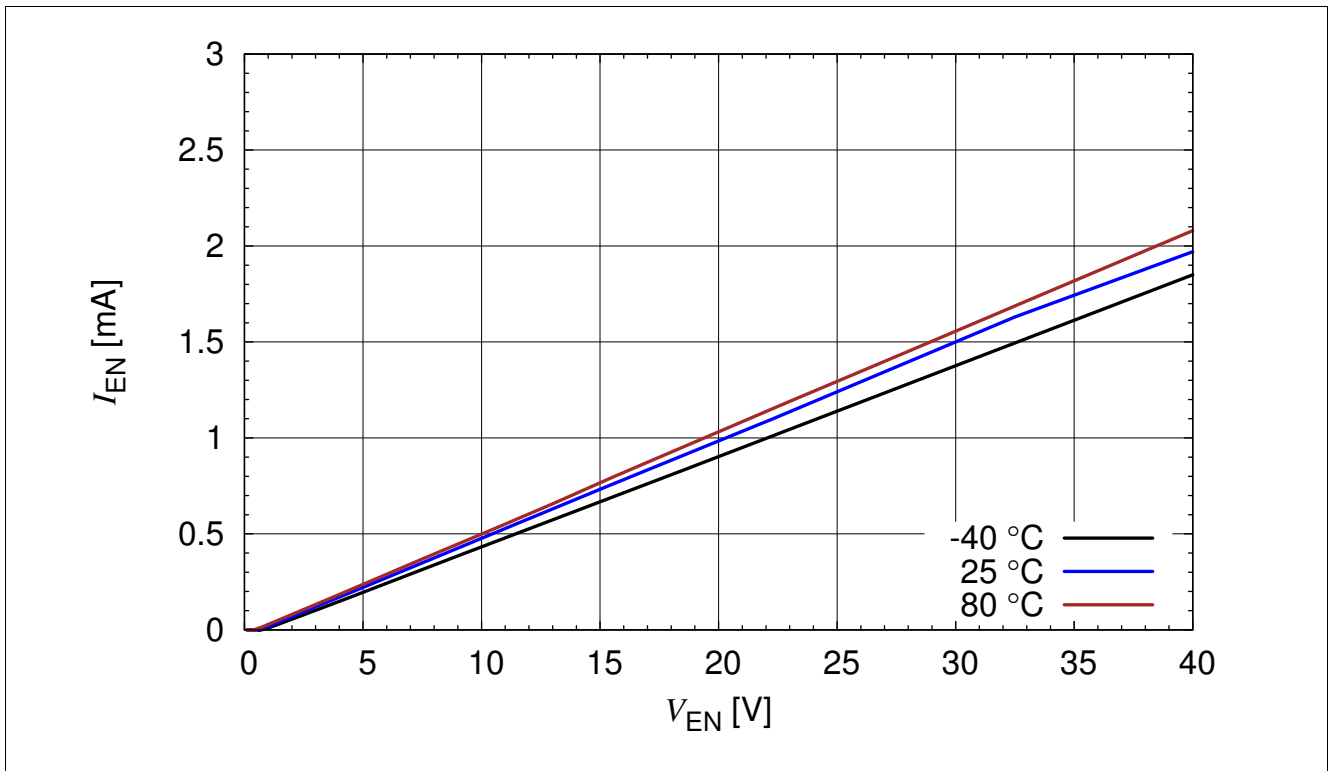


Figure 3-13 BCR 420U: Enable Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{EN} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $R_{ext} = \text{open}$ ,  $I_{out} = 0\text{ A}$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

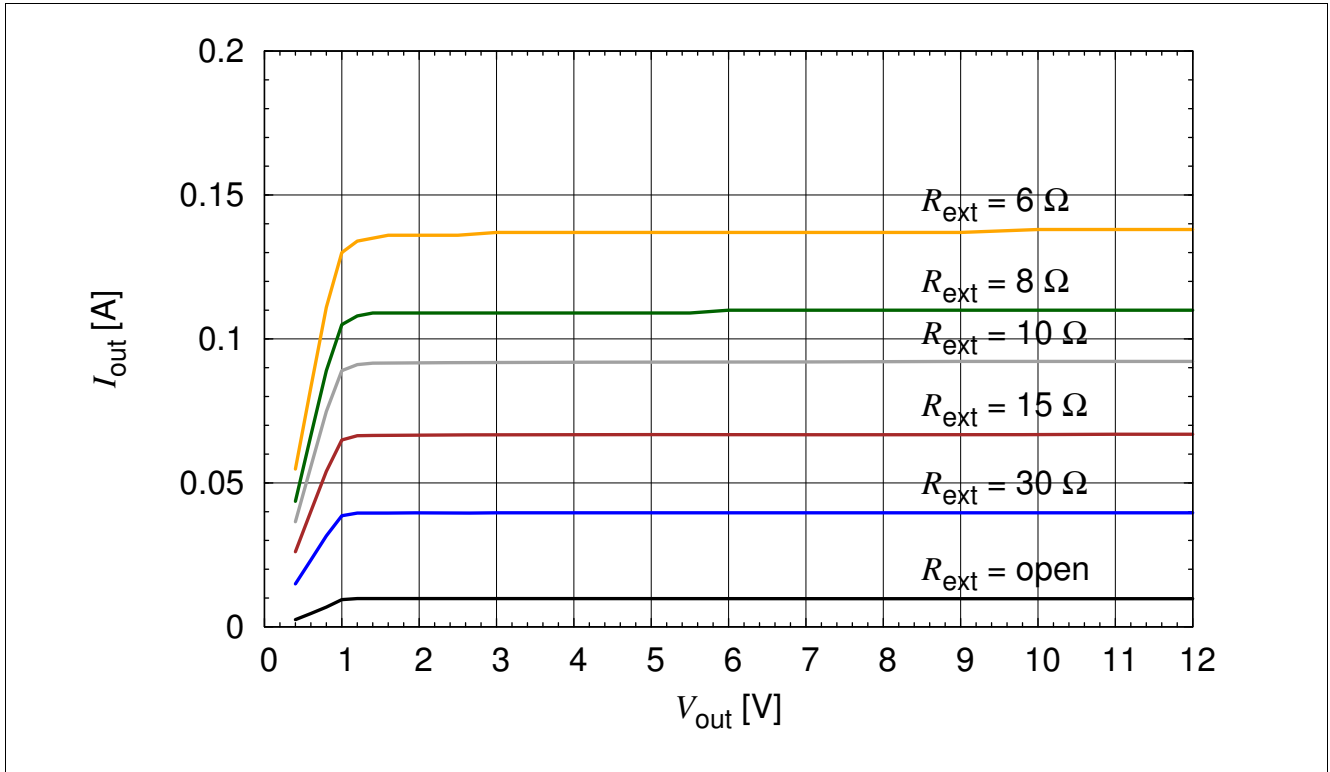


Figure 3-14 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 3.3$  V,  $R_{ext} =$  Parameter

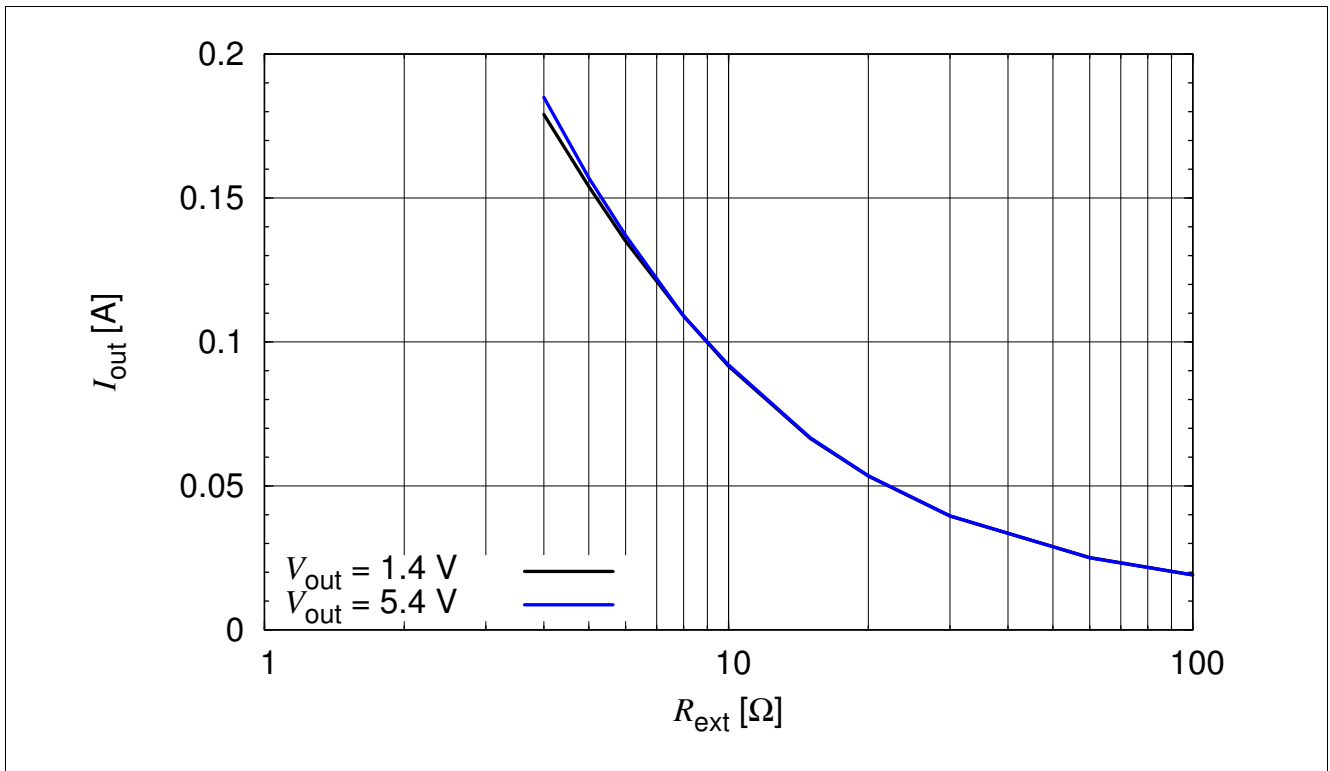


Figure 3-15 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $R_{ext}$   $I_{out} = f(R_{ext})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 3.3$  V,  $V_{out} =$  Parameter

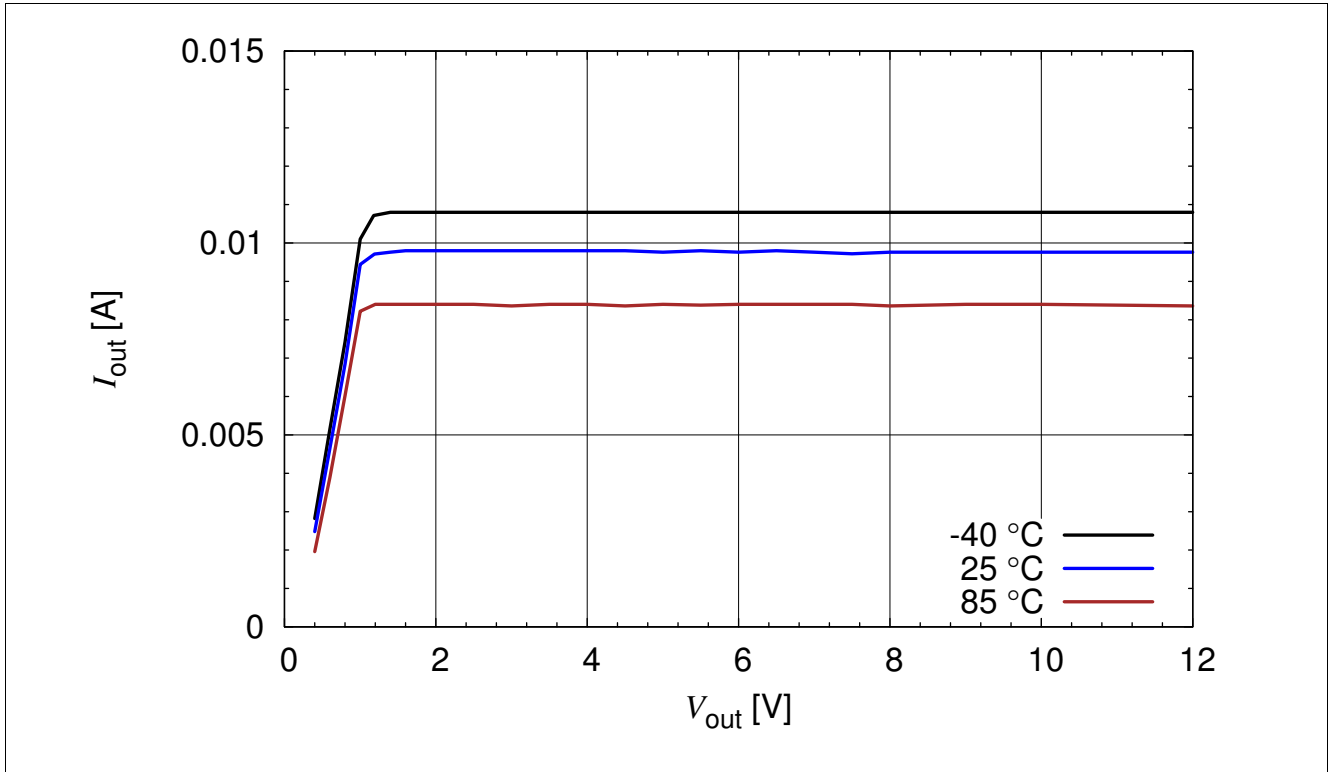


Figure 3-16 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = \text{open}$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

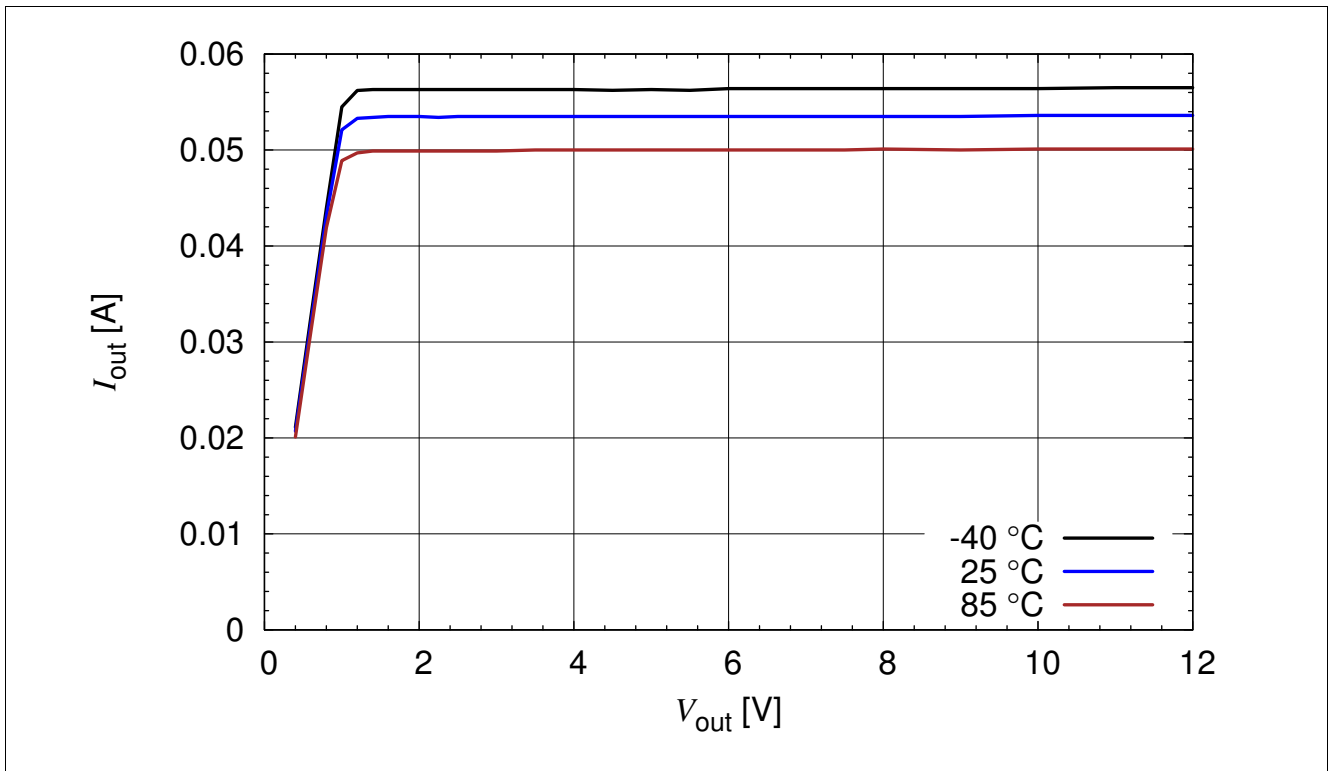


Figure 3-17 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = 20\ \Omega$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

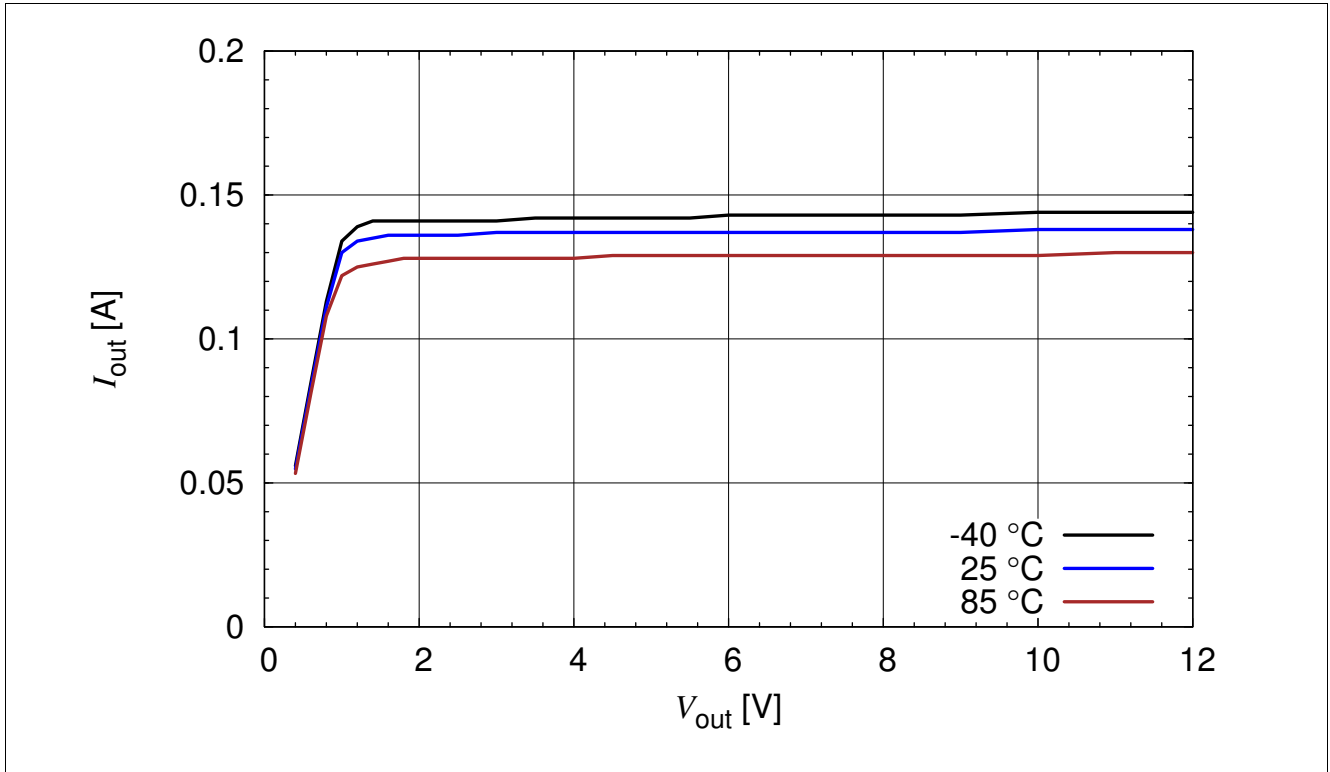


Figure 3-18 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{out}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$ ,  $V_{EN} = 3.3$  V,  $R_{ext} = 6 \Omega$ ,  $T_A =$  Parameter

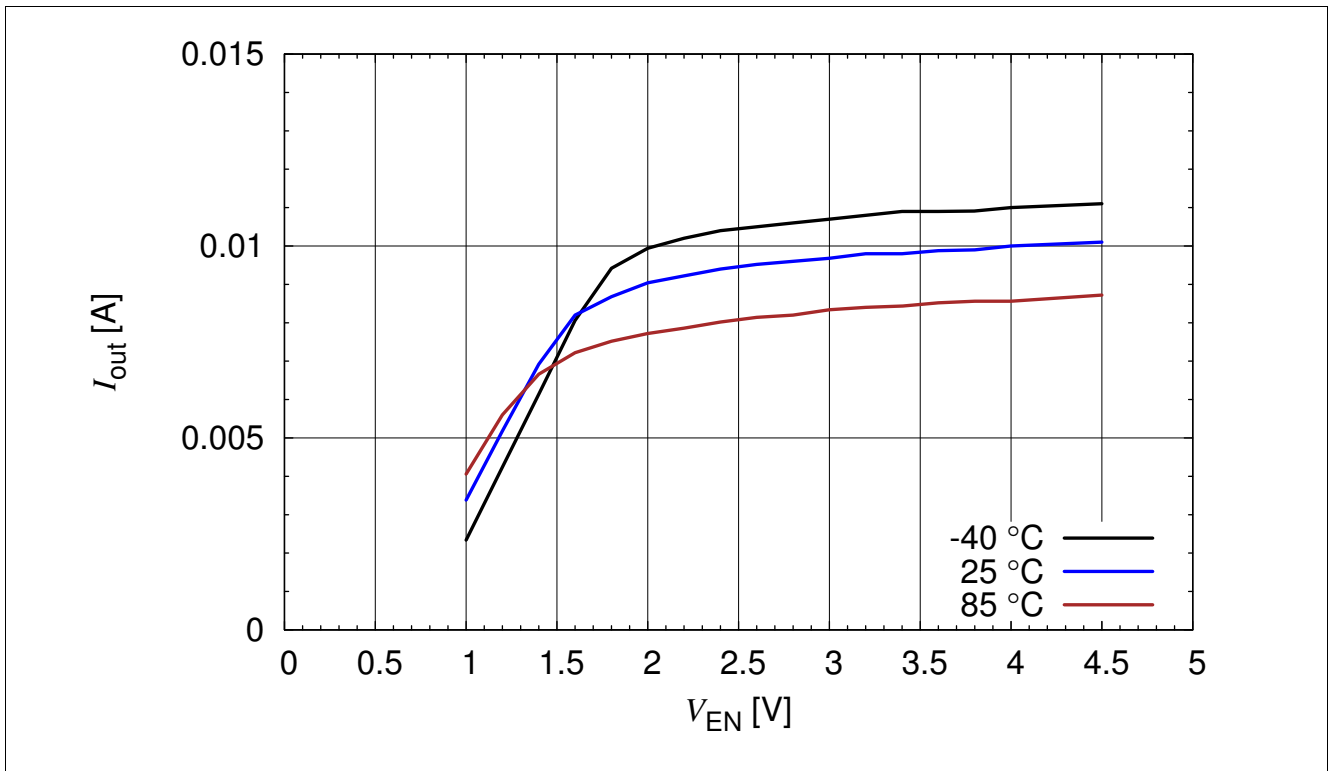


Figure 3-19 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2$  V,  $R_{ext} =$  open,  $T_A =$  Parameter

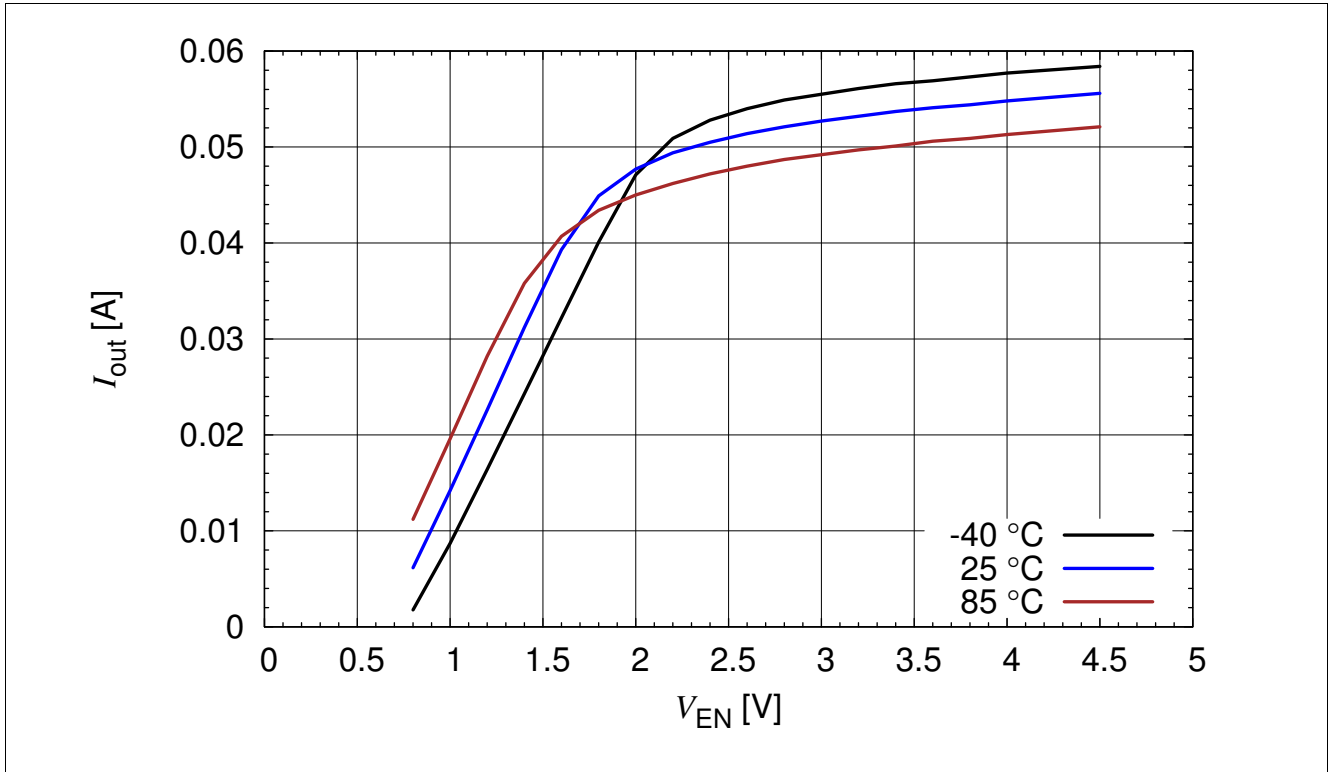


Figure 3-20 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = 20\ \Omega$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

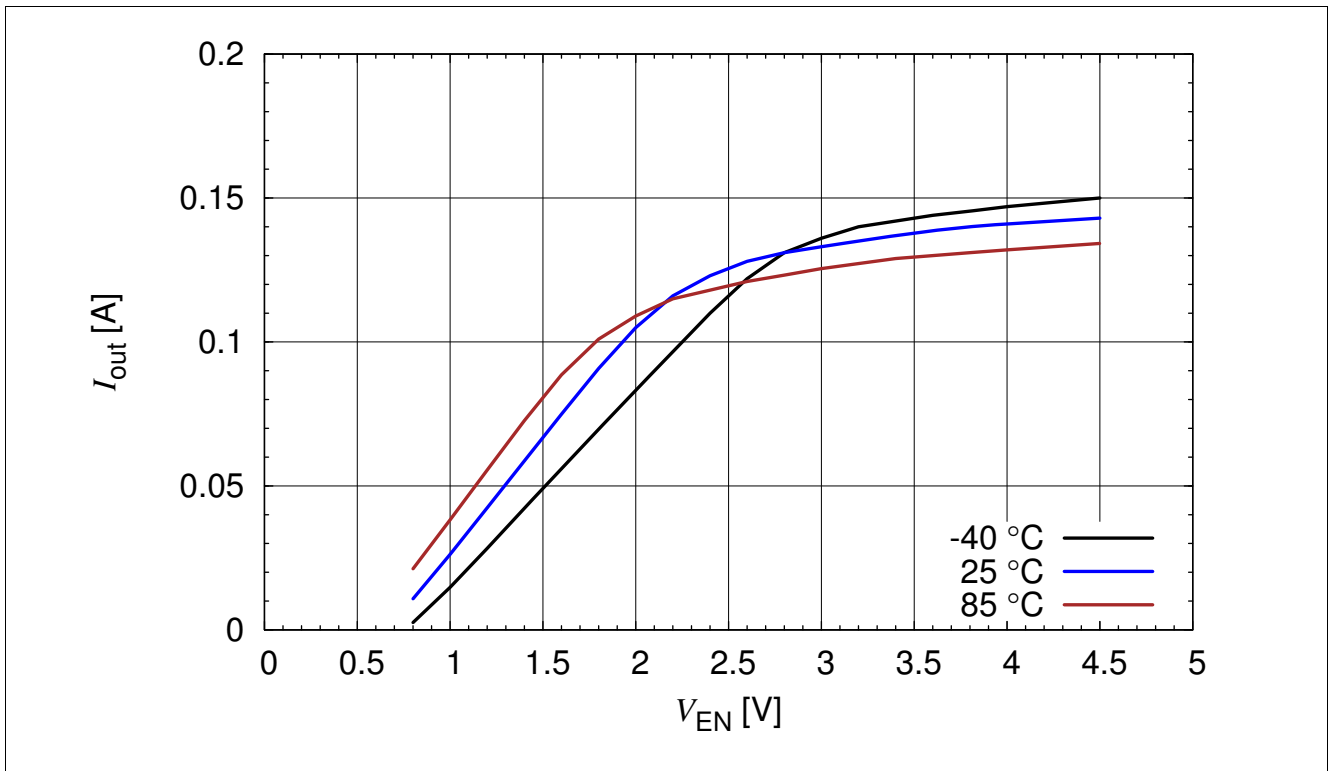


Figure 3-21 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = 6\ \Omega$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

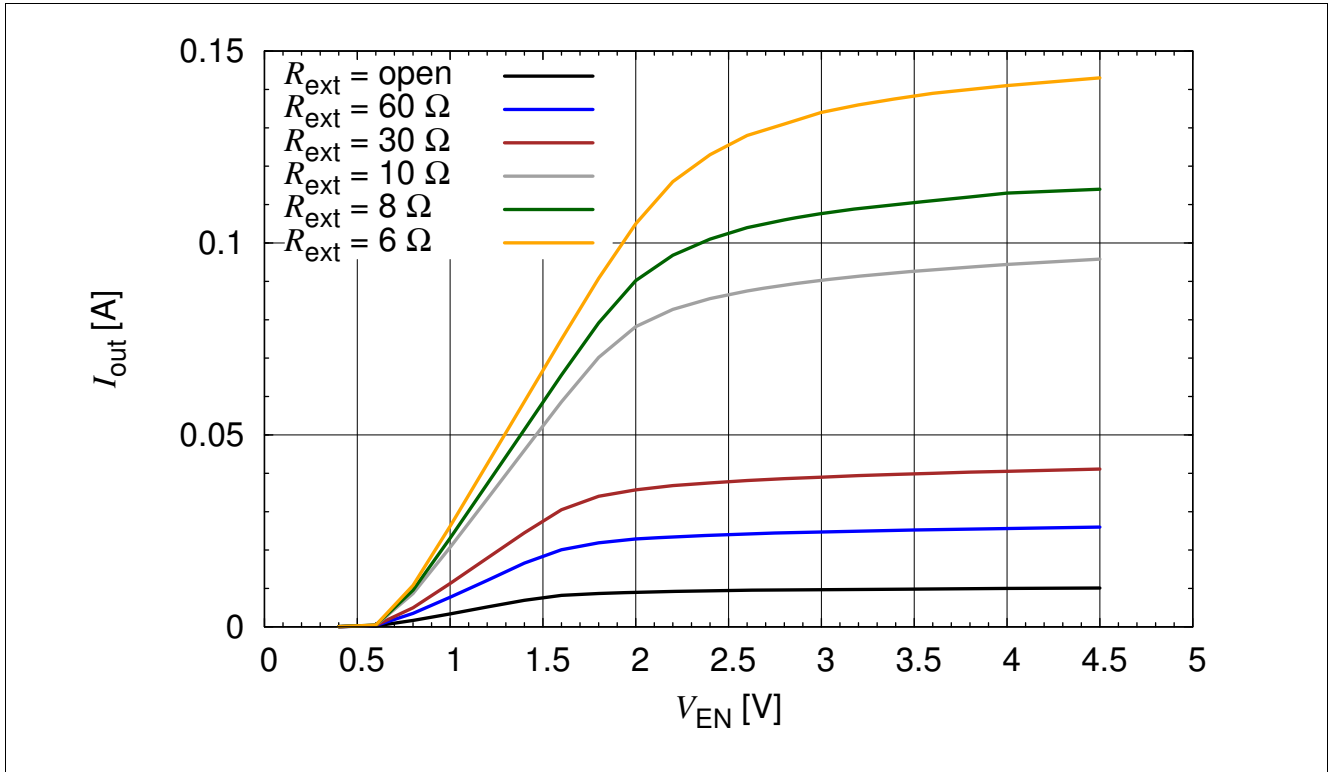


Figure 3-22 BCR 421U: Output Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $V_{out} = 2 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

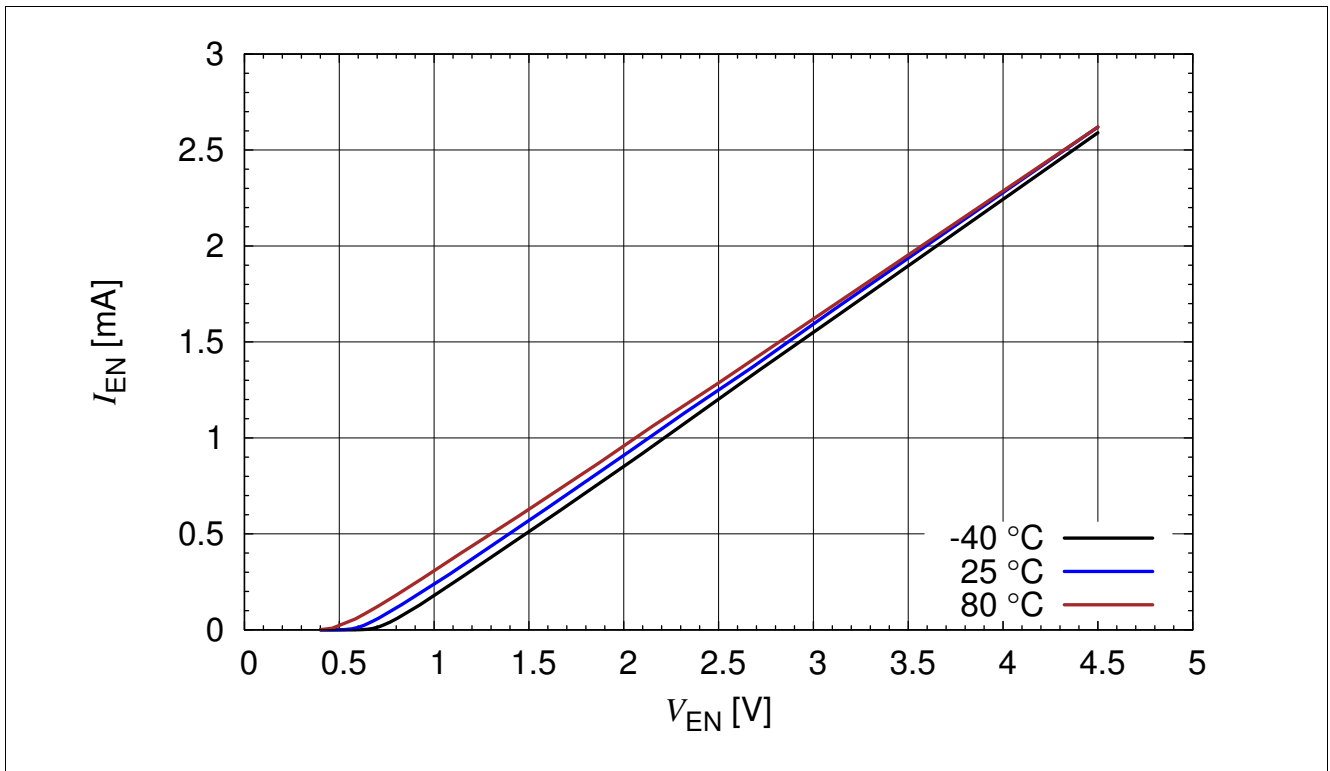


Figure 3-23 BCR 421U: Enable Current versus  $V_{EN}$   $I_{EN} = f(V_{EN})$ ,  $R_{ext} = \text{open}$ ,  $I_{out} = 0 \text{ A}$ ,  $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

## 4 Application hints

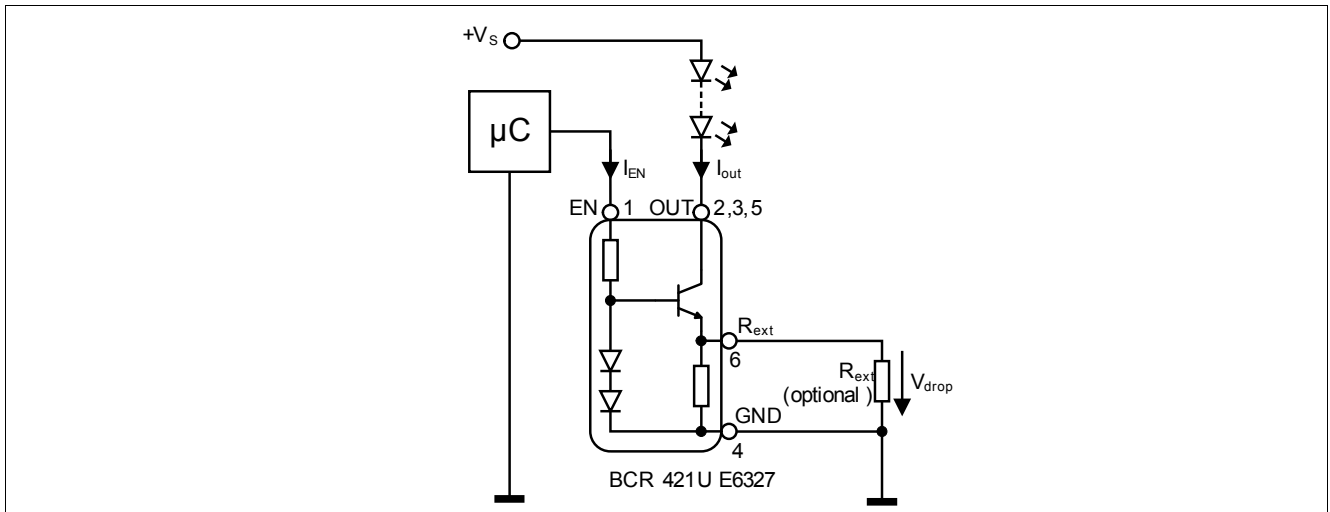


Figure 4-1 Application Circuit: Enabling / PWM by Micro Controller

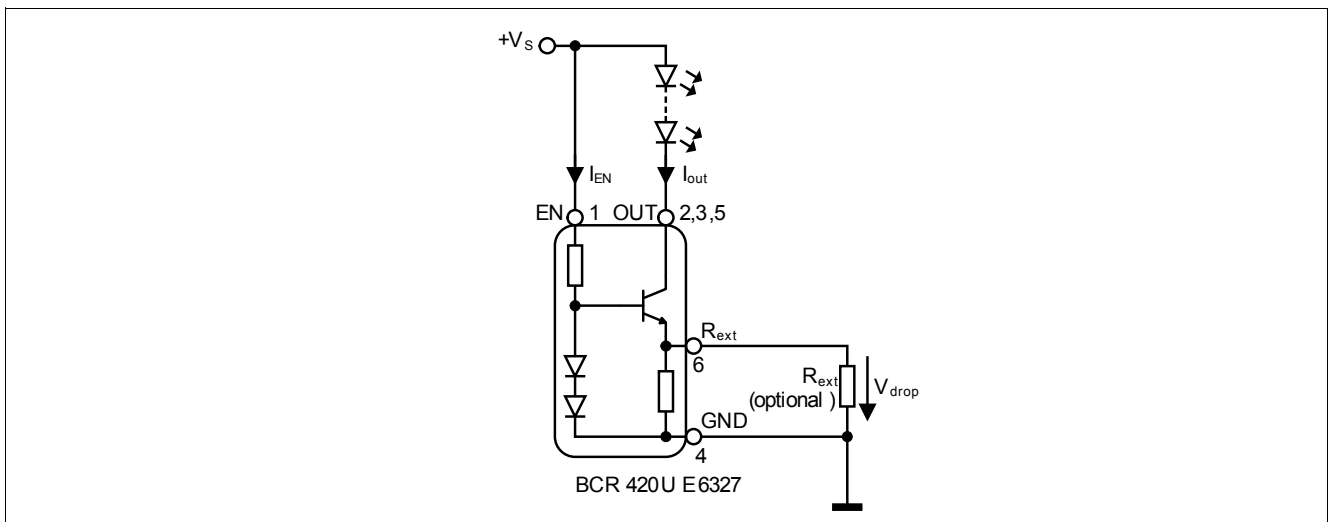


Figure 4-2 Application Circuit: Enabling by Connecting to  $V_s$

### Application hints

BCR 420U E6327 / BCR 421U E6327 serve as an easy to use constant current sources for LEDs. In stand alone application an external resistor can be connected to adjust the current from 10 mA to 250 mA.  $R_{ext}$  can be determined by using [Figure 3-5](#) or [Figure 3-15](#). Connecting a low tolerance resistor  $R_{ext}$  will improve the overall accuracy of the current sense resistance formed by the parallel connection of  $R_{int}$  and  $R_{ext}$  leading to an improved current accuracy. Please take into account that the resulting output currents will be slightly lower due to the self heating of the component and the negative thermal coefficient.

Please visit our web site [www.infineon.com/lowcostleddriver](http://www.infineon.com/lowcostleddriver) for application notes and for up-to-date application information.

## 5 Package

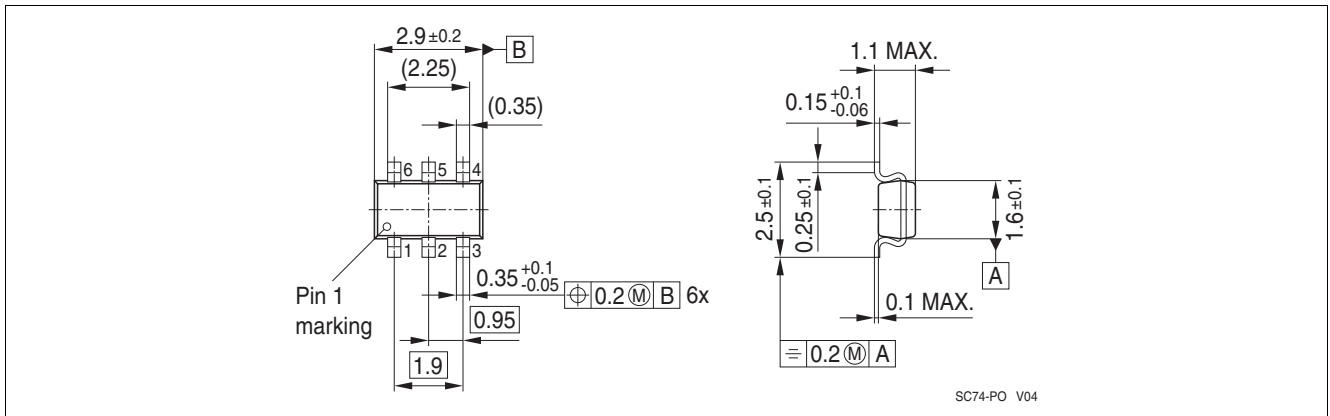


Figure 5-1 Package Outline for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

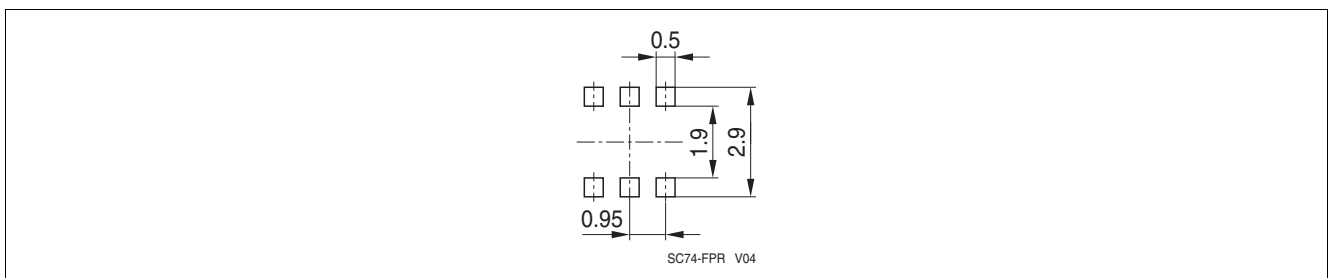


Figure 5-2 Package Footprint for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

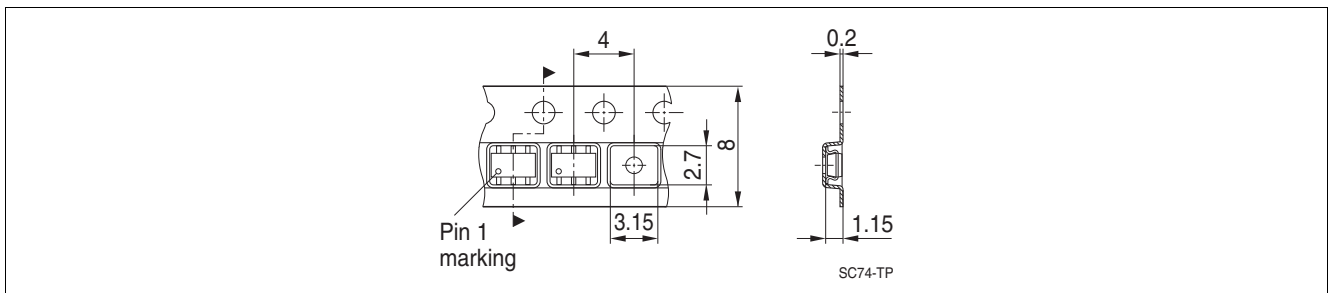


Figure 5-3 Tape and Reel Information for SC74 (dimensions in mm)



## Terminology

$\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$	Output current change
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain
$I_{EN}$	Enable current
$I_{out}$	Output current
$I_R$	Reverse current
LED	Light Emitting Diode
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
$R_B$	Bias resistor
$R_{ext}$	External resistor
$R_{int}$	Internal resistor
RoHs	Restriction of Hazardous Substance directive
$R_{thJS}$	Thermal resistance junction to soldering point
$T_A$	Ambient temperature
$T_J$	Junction temperature
$T_S$	Soldering point temperature
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature
$V_{BR(CEO)}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage
$V_{BR}$	Breakdown voltage
$V_{drop}$	Voltage drop
$V_{EN}$	Enable voltage
$V_{out}$	Output voltage
$V_R$	Reverse voltage
$V_S$	Supply voltage
$V_{Smin}$	Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead

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